

# 100+ Must-Know ASVAB Word Knowledge Words

## Basic Level Words

### 1. Abundant

**Answer:** Plentiful or existing in large quantities. When something is abundant, there's more than enough of it available.

### 2. Brief

**Answer:** Short in duration or length. A brief meeting lasts only a few minutes.

### 3. Calm

**Answer:** Peaceful and quiet, without disturbance. A calm person stays relaxed in stressful situations.

### 4. Dense

**Answer:** Thick or closely packed together. Dense fog makes it hard to see ahead.

### 5. Eager

**Answer:** Excited and enthusiastic about something. An eager student raises their hand first.

### 6. Faint

**Answer:** Weak or barely noticeable. A faint sound is hard to hear.

### 7. Genuine

**Answer:** Real and authentic, not fake. A genuine smile shows true happiness.

### 8. Harsh

**Answer:** Severe, rough, or unpleasant. Harsh weather can damage crops quickly.

### 9. Idle

**Answer:** Not active or in use. An idle machine sits without running.

### 10. Keen

**Answer:** Sharp or highly developed. A keen sense of smell detects subtle scents.

### 11. Loyal

**Answer:** Faithful and devoted to someone or something. A loyal friend stands by you always.

**12. Modest**

**Answer:** Humble and not boastful. A modest person doesn't brag about achievements.

**13. Narrow**

**Answer:** Small in width, not wide. A narrow path fits only one person.

**14. Obvious**

**Answer:** Easy to see or understand. The right answer is clear and visible.

**15. Prompt**

**Answer:** Done without delay, on time. A prompt response arrives quickly.

**16. Quiet**

**Answer:** Making little or no noise. A quiet room has minimal sound.

**17. Rare**

**Answer:** Uncommon or not often found. Rare coins have high value.

**18. Rigid**

**Answer:** Stiff and not flexible. A rigid board doesn't bend easily.

**19. Swift**

**Answer:** Fast or quick in movement. A swift runner finishes first.

**20. Timid**

**Answer:** Shy and lacking confidence. A timid speaker avoids eye contact.

**21. Vacant**

**Answer:** Empty or not occupied. A vacant seat has nobody sitting there.

**22. Weary**

**Answer:** Tired or exhausted. Weary travelers need rest after long trips.

**23. Yield**

**Answer:** To give way or produce. Farmers yield crops from their fields.

**24. Zeal**

**Answer:** Great energy or enthusiasm. Workers show zeal for their projects.

**25. Adequate**

**Answer:** Sufficient or enough for a purpose. Adequate supplies meet basic needs.

**26. Blunt**

**Answer:** Direct and straightforward, or not sharp. Blunt statements lack subtlety.

**27. Concise**

**Answer:** Brief and to the point. A concise answer uses few words.

**28. Durable**

**Answer:** Long-lasting and sturdy. Durable boots survive tough conditions.

**29. Frugal**

**Answer:** Careful with money and resources. Frugal shoppers look for deals.

**30. Hostile**

**Answer:** Unfriendly or showing opposition. A hostile attitude creates conflict.

**Intermediate Level Words****31. Abolish**

**Answer:** To officially end or eliminate something. Laws can abolish outdated practices.

**32. Benevolent**

**Answer:** Kind and generous toward others. A benevolent leader helps those in need.

**33. Candid**

**Answer:** Honest and straightforward in expression. Candid feedback points out flaws directly.

**34. Deficit**

**Answer:** A shortage or lack of something. A budget deficit means spending exceeds income.

**35. Eloquent**

**Answer:** Fluent and persuasive in speaking or writing. An eloquent speaker captivates audiences.

**36. Feasible**

**Answer:** Possible and practical to do. A feasible plan can actually work.

**37. Gratitude**

**Answer:** Thankfulness and appreciation. Showing gratitude means recognizing help received.

**38. Hamper**

**Answer:** To hinder or obstruct progress. Bad weather can hamper construction work.

**39. Impartial**

**Answer:** Fair and unbiased. An impartial judge treats everyone equally.

**40. Jeopardize**

**Answer:** To put something at risk. Reckless actions jeopardize safety.

**41. Kindle**

**Answer:** To start or ignite something. A spark can kindle a fire.

**42. Lenient**

**Answer:** Tolerant and not strict. A lenient teacher accepts late assignments.

**43. Meticulous**

**Answer:** Very careful and precise. Surgeons must be meticulous in their work.

**44. Negligent**

**Answer:** Failing to take proper care. Negligent drivers cause accidents.

**45. Obstinate**

**Answer:** Stubborn and refusing to change. An obstinate person won't listen to reason.

**46. Prudent**

**Answer:** Wise and careful in decisions. Prudent investors research before buying.

**47. Quell**

**Answer:** To suppress or calm down. Police work to quell riots.

**48. Reluctant**

**Answer:** Unwilling or hesitant to do something. Reluctant participants need encouragement.

**49. Scrutinize**

**Answer:** To examine closely and carefully. Editors scrutinize manuscripts for errors.

**50. Tedious**

**Answer:** Boring and repetitive. Tedious tasks feel like they never end.

**51. Undermine**

**Answer:** To weaken or damage gradually. Rumors can undermine trust.

**52. Validate**

**Answer:** To confirm or prove something is true. Tests validate student knowledge.

**53. Wary**

**Answer:** Cautious and alert to danger. Wary travelers watch their belongings.

**54. Zealous**

**Answer:** Passionate and enthusiastic. Zealous supporters cheer loudly.

**55. Ambiguous**

**Answer:** Unclear or having multiple meanings. Ambiguous instructions confuse people.

**56. Brevity**

**Answer:** Shortness in duration or expression. Brevity makes messages clearer.

**57. Cohesive**

**Answer:** United and forming a whole. A cohesive team works well together.

**58. Diligent**

**Answer:** Hardworking and careful. Diligent students complete all assignments.

**59. Elicit**

**Answer:** To draw out or bring forth. Questions elicit responses from audiences.

**60. Fortify**

**Answer:** To strengthen or reinforce. Walls fortify buildings against attacks.

**Advanced Level Words**

**61. Abate**

**Answer:** To decrease or become less intense. Strong winds eventually abate.

**62. Belligerent**

**Answer:** Hostile and ready to fight. Belligerent behavior starts arguments.

**63. Convoluted**

**Answer:** Extremely complicated and difficult to follow. Convoluted explanations confuse listeners.

**64. Dubious**

**Answer:** Doubtful or questionable. Dubious claims lack solid evidence.

**65. Erratic**

**Answer:** Unpredictable and inconsistent. Erratic driving patterns worry other motorists.

**66. Flagrant**

**Answer:** Obvious and offensive. Flagrant violations demand immediate action.

**67. Germane**

**Answer:** Relevant and appropriate to the subject. Germane comments stay on topic.

**68. Hinder**

**Answer:** To create difficulties or obstacles. Heavy traffic can hinder progress.

**69. Inept**

**Answer:** Lacking skill or competence. Inept handling causes mistakes.

**70. Juxtapose**

**Answer:** To place side by side for comparison. Writers juxtapose contrasting ideas.

**71. Lackluster**

**Answer:** Lacking enthusiasm or brightness. A lackluster performance disappoints audiences.

**72. Mitigate**

**Answer:** To make less severe or serious. Actions can mitigate damage from disasters.

**73. Nonchalant**

**Answer:** Casually calm and relaxed. A nonchalant attitude shows no worry.

**74. Opaque**

**Answer:** Not transparent or difficult to understand. Opaque glass blocks the view.

**75. Penchant**

**Answer:** A strong liking or tendency. She has a penchant for mystery novels.

**76. Quandary**

**Answer:** A state of uncertainty or confusion. The choice puts him in a quandary.

**77. Reclusive**

**Answer:** Avoiding contact with others. Reclusive writers prefer solitude.

**78. Superficial**

**Answer:** Shallow or only on the surface. Superficial knowledge lacks depth.

**79. Tenacious**

**Answer:** Persistent and determined. Tenacious athletes never give up.

**80. Ubiquitous**

**Answer:** Present everywhere at once. Smartphones are ubiquitous in modern society.

**81. Volatile**

**Answer:** Unstable and likely to change quickly. Volatile markets fluctuate rapidly.

**82. Waive**

**Answer:** To give up or refrain from enforcing. Courts can waive certain fees.

**83. Zealot**

**Answer:** A person with extreme enthusiasm. Political zealots refuse to compromise.

**84. Astute**

**Answer:** Sharp and perceptive in judgment. Astute observers notice small details.

**85. Berate**

**Answer:** To scold or criticize harshly. Angry coaches berate players for mistakes.

**86. Comply**

**Answer:** To act according to rules or requests. Citizens must comply with laws.

**87. Defunct**

**Answer:** No longer existing or functioning. Defunct companies close their doors.

**88. Exemplary**

**Answer:** Serving as an excellent example. Exemplary conduct earns respect.

**89. Flout**

**Answer:** To openly disregard rules. Reckless drivers flout traffic laws.

**90. Gregarious**

**Answer:** Sociable and enjoying company. Gregarious people attend many parties.

**Military and Technical Words**

**91. Adversary**

**Answer:** An opponent or enemy. Military forces face adversaries in conflict.

**92. Allocate**

**Answer:** To distribute or assign resources. Commanders allocate supplies to units.

**93. Breach**

**Answer:** A gap or violation. A security breach exposes sensitive information.

**94. Cipher**

**Answer:** A code or method of secret writing. Cipher systems protect classified messages.

**95. Deploy**

**Answer:** To position troops or resources strategically. Units deploy to assigned locations.

**96. Evacuate**

**Answer:** To remove people from danger. Officials evacuate residents before hurricanes.

**97. Fortitude**

**Answer:** Courage and strength in facing difficulties. Soldiers show fortitude under fire.

**98. Garrison**

**Answer:** A military post or the troops stationed there. The garrison protects the border.

**99. Hostile**

**Answer:** Unfriendly or belonging to an enemy. Hostile forces threaten security.

**100. Infantry**

**Answer:** Soldiers who fight on foot. Infantry units advance across terrain.

**101. Jurisdiction**

**Answer:** The official power to make decisions. Courts have jurisdiction over legal cases.

**102. Liaison**

**Answer:** A person who communicates between groups. The liaison coordinates joint operations.

**103. Mandate**

**Answer:** An official order or command. The mandate requires compliance from all personnel.

**104. Neutralize**

**Answer:** To make ineffective or harmless. Bomb squads neutralize explosive devices.

**105. Obsolete**

**Answer:** No longer in use or outdated. Obsolete equipment gets replaced.

**106. Perimeter**

**Answer:** The outer boundary of an area. Guards patrol the perimeter at night.

**107. Reconnaissance**

**Answer:** Military observation of an area. Scouts conduct reconnaissance before attacks.

**108. Strategic**

**Answer:** Relating to long-term planning and goals. Strategic decisions affect entire operations.

**109. Tactical**

**Answer:** Relating to immediate actions and maneuvers. Tactical moves win individual battles.

**110. Unauthorized**

**Answer:** Not permitted or approved. Unauthorized access triggers alarms.

**111. Vicinity**

**Answer:** The surrounding area or neighborhood. Enemy forces operate in the vicinity.

