Food Handlers Practice Test

Number of Questions: 50 Time Allowed: 60 minutes

Passing Score: 70% (35 correct)

Instructions

- · Read each question carefully
- · Choose the best answer from the options provided
- No calculators or notes allowed
- Answer all questions
- This test covers food safety principles, hygiene, temperature control, cross-contamination, sanitation, and legal requirements

Test Questions

- **1.** What is the safest way to thaw frozen food?
- A. On the kitchen counter
- B. In the refrigerator
- C. In warm water
- D. Under direct sunlight
- **2.** The temperature danger zone for bacterial growth is between:
- A. 32°F and 41°F
- B. 41°F and 135°F
- C. 135°F and 165°F
- D. 165°F and 212°F
- 3. How often should you wash your hands when handling food?
- A. Once per shift
- B. Only before starting work
- C. Before and after handling food, after using the restroom, and after touching face or hair
- D. Only after using chemicals
- 4. Which is a common symptom a food handler must report to their manager?
- A. Headache
- B. Fatigue
- C. Vomiting
- D. Runny nose

5. Cross-contamination can be prevented by:
A. Using separate cutting boards for raw meat and vegetables
B. Washing hands before and after handling food
C. Proper cleaning and sanitizing of equipment
D. All of the above
6. What is the minimum internal temperature for cooking ground beef?
A. 145°F
B. 155°F
C. 165°F
D. 135°F
7. Which food item is considered a Time/Temperature Control for Safety (TCS) food?
A. Bread
B. Raw chicken
C. Potato chips
D. Chocolate
8. How long can ready-to-eat food be safely stored at room temperature?
A. 1 hour
B. 2 hours
C. 4 hours
D. 6 hours
9. What is the first step when cleaning dishes in a three-compartment sink?
A. Scrape off food debris
B. Rinse with water
C. Wash with soap and water
D. Sanitize
10. Which biological hazard is most commonly associated with eggs?
A. Listeria
B. Salmonella
C. Norovirus
D. Hepatitis A
11. How should ready-to-eat food be handled to prevent contamination?
A. With bare hands
B. Using gloves or utensils
C. Touching only the edges

D. Using any clean cloth

2. At what temperature should cold foods be held to prevent bacterial growth?
. Below 70°F
Below 41°F
. Below 55°F
. Below 32°F
3. How should cleaning chemicals be stored? On the food prep table In the same area as food Away from food and food-contact surfaces On the sink edge
1. Which symptom does NOT require excluding a food handler from work? Diarrhea Jaundice Sore throat with fever Cough
5. What is the correct order of steps in proper hand washing? Wet hands, apply soap, scrub 20 seconds, rinse, dry Apply soap, rinse, scrub, dry, wet hands Scrub, wet hands, rinse, apply soap, dry Wet hands, rinse, scrub, dry
6. Which of the following is a chemical hazard? Cleaning detergent Bacteria Metal shards Allergens
7. How should leftover hot food be cooled safely? Leave it on the counter until cool Cool from 135°F to 70°F within 2 hours, then to 41°F within an additional 4 hours Put directly into the refrigerator Cool for 6 hours at room temperature
3. What is the correct minimum temperature for holding hot food? 165°F 140°F 135°F 120°F

- 19. Which pest signs indicate an infestation in a food establishment?
 A. Gnaw marks, droppings, urine stains
 B. Dust accumulation
 C. Water spots on windows
 D. Corners needing paint
 20. When must gloves be changed?
 A. After handling raw meat and before touching ready-to-eat food
 B. Between tasks
 C. After touching face, hair, or phone
 D. All of the above
 21. How often should food handlers clean and sanitize their work surfaces?
 - A. Once per day
 - B. After every task or when contaminated
 - C. Only at shift end
 - D. Never, only sanitized equipment
 - 22. What temperature should leftovers be reheated to?
 - A. 140°F within 2 hours
 - B. 165°F within 2 hours
 - C. 155°F at any time
 - D. 135°F within 4 hours
 - 23. What should be done if a food handler is diagnosed with Hepatitis A?
 - A. Continue work with gloves
 - B. Report to health authority and exclude from work until cleared
 - C. Take medicine and keep working
 - D. No special action required
 - **24.** Which is NOT a proper way to store raw meat?
 - A. On the top shelf of the fridge
 - B. On the bottom shelf in a leak-proof container
 - C. Separated from ready-to-eat foods
 - D. Wrapped tightly
 - 25. What can cause foodborne illness from improper food handling?
 - A. Eating food at unsafe temperatures
 - B. Cross-contamination
 - C. Poor personal hygiene
 - D. All of the above

26. What is the best way to prevent food allergens cross-contact?A. Use separate utensils and equipmentB. Cook allergen foods firstC. Label allergenic ingredients clearlyD. Store allergens next to vegetables
27. What should food handlers do if they have a cut or wound?A. Leave it open to airB. Cover with a clean, waterproof bandage and wear glovesC. Keep working without glovesD. Use only a bandage, no gloves needed
28. Which action helps reduce the risk of Norovirus spreading?A. Wash fruits with soapB. Regular hand washing, especially after restroom useC. Use harsh bleach on foodD. Avoid raw foods
29. What is the safe internal cooking temperature for poultry? A. 145°F B. 155°F C. 165°F D. 135°F
30. How should food deliveries be checked on arrival?A. Inspect temperature and packagingB. Assume all items are safeC. Store immediately without inspectionD. Only check canned goods
31. Which of the following is a physical hazard?A. Glass shardsB. BacteriaC. Pesticide residueD. Cleaning chemical
32. Which type of foodborne illness is caused by toxins from bacteria?A. Viral infectionB. Food poisoningC. Parasitic infectionD. Allergic reaction

33. How can staff reduce the risk of contamination when wearing jewelry?
A. Remove all jewelry except a plain wedding band
B. Wear all jewelry if washed properly
C. Cover with gloves
D. Remove only rings on hands
34. What is the minimum water temperature for washing dishes in a three-compartment sink?
A. 100°F
B. 110°F
C. 120°F
D. 150°F
35. Which method is best for sanitizing food contact surfaces?
A. Hot water rinse only
B. Using a chemical sanitizer following instructions
C. Wiping with a wet cloth
D. Air-drying only
36. Which practice is essential for personal hygiene in food handling?
A. Wearing clean clothes and hair restraints
B. Eating at workstations
C. Using cologne/perfume
D. Handling waste without gloves
37. Why should food handlers avoid working when sick?
A. They might spread contaminants to food
B. It slows down the kitchen
C. To avoid being tired
D. Because of the smell
38. What is a common cause of cross-contamination?
A. Using the same cutting board for raw meat and vegetables without cleaning
B. Washing hands frequently
C. Cooking foods at the right temperature
D. Storing raw and cooked foods separately
39. What is the correct way to store cleaning chemicals in a kitchen?
A. Near food items for easy access
B. Clearly labeled and separate from food storage areas

C. In food prep sinks

D. Anywhere on shelves

46. Which method is recommended to check if food is cooked safely?

B. Use a thermometer to measure internal temperature

A. Taste the food

C. Check color only

D. Check texture

40. Foodborne illness outbreaks are most often linked to:

A. Poorly cleaned equipment

- **47.** When is it safe to put on disposable gloves?
- A. After washing hands
- B. Right at the start of the shift without hand washing
- C. After handling trash
- D. Before touching money
- **48.** Which of these is NOT a common sign of pest infestation?
- A. Droppings
- B. Odors
- C. Flyswatter
- D. Gnaw marks
- **49.** How long should you scrub your hands during handwashing?
- A. 10 seconds
- B. 20 seconds
- C. 30 seconds
- D. 5 seconds
- **50.** What is the primary cause of foodborne illness?
- A. Contaminated food and poor hygiene practices
- B. Expired food only
- C. Excessive cooking
- D. Too much seasoning

Answer Key

Question	Answer	Question	Answer	Question	Answer	Question	Answer
1	В	14	D	27	В	40	D
2	В	15	А	28	В	41	С
3	С	16	А	29	С	42	D
4	С	17	В	30	А	43	В
5	D	18	С	31	А	44	В
6	В	19	А	32	В	45	А
7	В	20	D	33	Α	46	В
8	В	21	В	34	С	47	А
9	Α	22	В	35	В	48	С
10	В	23	В	36	А	49	В
11	В	24	А	37	А	50	А
12	В	25	D	38	А		
13	С	26	А	39	В		

Scoring Guide:

• 45-50 correct: Excellent (90-100%)

• 40-44 correct: Good (80-88%)

• 35-39 correct: Pass (70-78%)

• Below 35: Retake required

This practice test covers essential food safety topics including hygiene, temperature control, cross-contamination prevention, allergen management, and legal requirements for food handlers.